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Energy of domain walls in ferrite films<sup>1</sup> M.E. GOMEZ, P. PRIETO, Universidad del Valle, A. MENDOZA, O. GUZMAN, Universidad del Quindio — MnZn Ferrite films were deposited by RF sputtering on (001) single crystal MgO substrates. AFM images show an increment in grain size with the film thickness. Grains with diameter between  $\Phi \sim 70$  and 700 nm have been observed. The coercive field H<sub>c</sub> as a function of the grain size reaches a maximum value of about 80 Oe for  $\Phi_c \sim 300$  nm. The existence of a multidomain structure associated with a critical grain size was identified by Magneto-optical Kerr effect technique (MOKE). The transition of the one-domain regime to the two-domain regime was observed at a critical grain size of  $D_c \sim 530$  nm. This value agree with values predicted previously. The Jiles-Atherton model (JAM) was used to discuss the experimental hysteresis loops. The k pinning parameter obtained from JAM shows a maximum value of  $k/\mu_o = 67$  Am<sup>2</sup> for grains with  $L_c \sim 529$  nm. The total energy per unit area E was correlated with k and D. We found a simple phenomenological relationship given by  $E = \alpha kD$ ; where D is the magnetic domain width.

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