Abstract Submitted for the MAR07 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Interplay between Disorder and Quantum and Thermal Fluctuations in Ferromagnetic Alloys – New Systems<sup>1</sup> G.R. STEWART, J.S. KIM, University of Florida, M.B. SILVA NETO, ITP, University of Stuttgart, A.H. CAS-TRO NETO, Boston University — Previously<sup>1</sup> we addressed the effects of disorder on the ferromagnetic ordering temperature,  $T_C$ , in  $UCu_2Si_{2-x}Ge_x$ . In that work the measured non-monotonic variation of  $T_C$  with disorder (as measured by the resistivity) could be explained within a model<sup>2</sup> of localized spins interacting with an electronic bath. This model predicts that, in some cases,  $T_C$  can be enhanced by the interplay between quantum and thermal fluctuations with disorder. We have extended this work in other ferromagnetic alloys, with both significantly larger as well as similar variations of  $T_C$  with doping compared to the <10 % variation of  $T_C$ observed in  $UCu_2Si_{2-x}Ge_x$ . Resistivity, magnetic susceptibility, and specific heat will be presented, along with a comparison to the theory<sup>2</sup>. <sup>1</sup>M. B. Silva Neto, A. H. Castro Neto, D. Mixson, J. S. Kim, and G. R. Stewart, Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 257206 (2003). <sup>2</sup>M. B. Silva Neto and A. H. Castro Neto, Europhys. Lett. 62, 890 (2003).

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