

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR07 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Symmetry of the N-H<sub>2</sub> complex in GaAsN** S. KLEEKAJAI, M. STAVOLA, Lehigh University, K.R. MARTIN, W.B. FOWLER, Lehigh University, M. CAPIZZI, A. POLIMENI, Univ. Roma — The III-N-V alloys have attracted much recent attention because of a large reduction of the band-gap energy that occurs for N concentrations of a few percent. The hydrogenation of these alloys eliminates the effect of N [1]. A previous IR study of the vibrational properties of GaAsN:H showed that the dominant N- and H-containing defect has two weakly coupled N-H modes [2], a finding that is inconsistent with an H<sub>2</sub>\* structure proposed in earlier studies. Recent theory [3-5] suggests a defect with C<sub>1h</sub> symmetry. While uniaxial stress results do not provide vibrational splittings sufficiently large to reveal the symmetry of the N-H<sub>2</sub> center, new IR absorption experiments performed for the H-wagging modes of GaAsN:H yield results that are consistent with the vibrational properties predicted for the C<sub>1h</sub> structure [3]. This work is supported by NSF Grant DMR 0403641.

[1] A. Polimeni *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **63**, 201204(R) (2001).

[2] F. Jiang *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **69**, 041309(R) (2004).

[3] W. B. Fowler *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **72**, 035208 (2005).

[4] M.-H. Du *et al.*, Phys. Rev. B **72**, 073202 (2005).

[5] G. Ciatto, Phys. Rev. B **71**, 201301 (2005).

Suppawan Kleeekajai  
Lehigh University

Date submitted: 17 Nov 2006

Electronic form version 1.4