

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR07 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Spin-Orbit Coupling in AlGaN/AlN/GaN Heterostructures with a Polarization Induced Two-Dimensional Electron Gas H. CHENG, C. KURDAK, Physics Dept, Univ of Michigan, N. BIYIKLI, U. OZGUR, H. MORKOC, Dept of Electrical Engineering, Virginia Commonwealth University, V.I. LITVINOV, WaveBand/Sierra Nevada Corporation, Irvine, CA, 92618 — Spin-orbit coupling is investigated by weak antilocalization and Shubnikov-de Haas measurements in wurtzite $\text{Al}_x\text{Ga}_{1-x}\text{N}/\text{AlN}/\text{GaN}$ heterostructures with a polarization induced two dimensional electron gas. By employing the persistent photoconductivity effect and by using five different heterostructures with different Al compositions, we cover a carrier density range extending from $0.8 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ to $10.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-2}$. We determine electron splitting energies for different carrier densities by analyzing the weak antilocalization measurements using the Iordanskii, Lyanda-Geller, and Pikus theory. We find the spin splitting energies do not scale linearly with the Fermi wavevector k_F at high carrier densities. By fitting the spin splitting energies to a form $E_{SS} = 2(\alpha k_F + \gamma k_F^3)$ we extract linear and cubic spin-orbit coupling parameters $\alpha = 5.13 \times 10^{-13} \text{ eV m}$ and $\gamma = 1.2 \times 10^{-31} \text{ eV m}^3$, respectively. The cubic spin-orbit coupling parameter is purely due to the bulk inversion asymmetry of the wurtzite crystal and has not been previously measured for the GaN system.

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Date submitted: 29 Nov 2006

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