## Abstract Submitted for the MAR08 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Mo<sub>2</sub>BC: Chemical and External Pressure Effects<sup>1</sup> R. FALCONI, DACB-Universidad Juarez Autonoma de Tabasco, R. ESCAMILLA, R. ESCUD-ERO, IIM-Universidad Nacional Autonoma de Mexico — The intermetallic Mo<sub>2</sub>BC is a superconductor with a  $T_C = 6.6$  K and a crystalline face centered orthorhombic structure. Chemical pressure generated by changing the carbon concentration decreases  $T_C$  in a non monotonic rate. Complete elimination of carbon, changes the crystalline structure from orthorhombic to body centered tetragonal, and reducing  $T_C$  to about 5.8 K. At ambient pressure the compound presents a minimum in the resistivity at 50 K, which could be related to a Kondo anomaly. In polycrystalline samples we applied external pressures up to 4.8 GPa with a diamond anvil cell, which induced negative changes in the superconducting transition at a rate  $dT_C/dP = -0.03$  K/GPa. These results will be discussed in terms of the electronic band structure.

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