

Abstract Submitted  
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**$d_{x^2-y^2}$  pairing symmetry of heavy fermion CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> remote from antiferromagnetic quantum critical point** YUICHI KASAHARA, T. IWASAWA, Y. SHIMIZU, H. SHISHIDO, T. SHIBAUCHI, Kyoto University, I. VEKHTER, Louisiana State University, Y. MATSUDA, Kyoto University, Institute for Solid State Physics, University of Tokyo — Quasi-two dimensional heavy Fermion CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> involves two distinct superconducting domes in the phase diagram, which appear as a function of pressure or Rh substitution of Ir. In the analogy to CeCu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>, two distinct superconducting domes with different symmetry has been invoked. We report on the results of low-temperature thermal transport of CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> in the second dome, which locates away from an antiferromagnetic quantum critical point. The thermal conductivity is measured under a magnetic field rotated with respect to the crystal axes, which give direct evidence for superconducting gap structure. Clear fourfold oscillation with minima at [110] and [1-10] directions is observed as rotating magnetic field within the basal *ab*-plane, while no oscillation is observed within the *bc*-plane. In sharp contrast to previous reports that suggested  $E_g$  symmetry with horizontal line node within the *ab*-plane [1], our results are most consistent with  $d_{x^2-y^2}$  symmetry with vertical line nodes along the *c*-axis. These results imply that two superconducting domes have the same gap symmetry which appears to be mediated by antiferromagnetic spin fluctuations.

[1] H. Shakeripour et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 99, 187004 (2007).

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