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Zeeman Effect in  $\text{TiO}_2: \mathbf{Cr}^{3+}$  MICHAEL CRAWFORD, DuPont Company, XING WEI, STAN TOZER, National High Magnetic Field Laboratory — We will describe the results of Zeeman effect measurements for single crystals of rutile TiO<sub>2</sub> doped with  $\mathbf{Cr}^{3+}$ . These measurements, performed at the National High Magnetic Field Laboratory in magnetic fields with strengths up to 45 T, utilized the near-infrared luminescence of  $\mathbf{Cr}^{3+}$  at a temperature of  $\mathbf{T} = 1.4$  K. The  $\mathbf{Cr}^{3+}$ luminescence spectra show the evolution with field strength of the splitting of the  $\mathbf{Cr}^{3+}$  zero-phonon line at 12,684 cm<sup>-1</sup> in magnetic fields applied parallel or perpendicular to the crystallographic *c*-axis. In the former case the zero-phonon line splits into four Zeeman components, while for the latter case three components appear. These results will be discussed and compared to earlier measurements made in weaker magnetic fields.

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