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**$\mu$ SR study of spin dynamics and phase transition of the two-dimensional tetramer-cuprate  $\text{Na}_5\text{RbCu}_4(\text{AsO}_4)_4\text{Cl}_2$**  ANNIKA KRIISA, RAIVO STERN, National Institute of Chemical Physics and Biophysics, SHIOU-JYH HWU, WENDY QUEEN, Department of Chemistry, Clemson University, HUBERTUS LUETKENS, Laboratory for Muon-Spin Spectroscopy Paul Scherrer Institut — In an effort to explain the magnetic properties of such low-dimensional systems,  $^{87}\text{Rb}$  Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) experiments in a  $\text{Na}_5\text{RbCu}_4(\text{AsO}_4)_4\text{Cl}_2$  system were performed. This novel two-dimensional (2D) cuprate contains layers of coupled  $\text{Cu}_4\text{O}_4$  tetramers. The spin exchange interactions are confined to 2D layers and the Cu are divalent, making the system a  $s=1/2$  antiferromagnet. In zero applied magnetic field, it orders antiferromagnetically via a second-order phase transition at  $T_N=15(1)$  K. The ordered state was characterized by  $^{87}\text{Rb}$  NMR, and a non-collinear rather than collinear arrangement of spins was suggested. New structural phase transition(s) around 74 and 110 K were also evidenced. We present a  $\mu$ SR study of this cuprate. The investigation of the spin dynamics (via the muon longitudinal relaxation rate  $\lambda(T)$ ) in the temperature range  $2 < T < 300\text{K}$  in zero-field, with particular attention to the order parameter below  $T_N$  and around structural phase transitions at  $T \sim 74\text{K}$  and  $T \sim 110\text{K}$  is shown.

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