## Abstract Submitted for the MAR09 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Nature of magnetic ordering in  $Ni(OH)_2$  nanoplates JAMES RALL, MOHINDAR SEEHRA, West Virginia University — Nickel hydroxides are important for their potential applications in rechargeable batteries and as precursors for NiO and Ni catalysts.  $\beta$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> has the CdI<sub>2</sub> layered structure with Ni atoms forming a hexagonal unit cell. Here, we report on the magnetic ordering in 17 nm  $\times$ 4 nm nanosheets of  $\beta$ -Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub>. Measurements of the magnetization M as a function of temperature (2K to 300K) and magnetic field H up to  $\pm 65$ kOe are reported. M vs. T data in H =100 Oe for the ZFC case shows a peak in M at  $T_N = 24$  K characteristic of antiferromagnetic (AF) ordering; however for  $T > T_N$ , the Curie-Weiss  $(\chi = C/(T - \theta))$  fit yields  $\theta = 26K$  characteristic of ferromagnetism. Following Takada (J. Phys. Soc. Jpn. 21, 2745, 1966), we measured M vs. H loops from T =2K to 25K and observed a metamagnetic transition at  $H_c = 56$  kOe at 2K, with  $H_c$ decreasing with increasing T. These results suggests strong ferromagnetic coupling among Ni within (001) sheets and a weaker antiferromagnetic coupling in the neighboring (001) sheets, and [001] as the easy axis. This model is used to determine the exchange constants consistent with the observed Curie-Weiss variation.

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