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Understanding electron and nuclear spin dynamics in Cr^{5+} doped $K_3NbO_8^1$ SARITHA NELLUTLA, North Carolina State University

Chromium(V) doped in the diamagnetic host potassium niobate, a simple spin S = 1/2, I = 0 system, has been proposed as an alternative standard for field calibration and g-standard for high-field EPR [1]. This system constitutes a dilute two-level model relevant for use as a electron spin qubit [2] and as such coherent electron spin manipulation at X-band (~9.5 GHz) was observed over a wide range temperature. Rabi oscillations are observed for the first time in a spin system based on transition metal oxides up to room temperature. At 4 K, a Rabi frequency Ω_R of 20 MHz together with the phase coherence relaxation (spin-spin relaxation) time, T_2 of ~10 μ s results in the single qubit figure of merit Q_M (= $\Omega_R T_2/\pi$) as about 500, showing that a diluted ensemble of Cr(V)(S = 1/2) doped K₃NbO₈ is a potential candidate for solid-state quantum information processing. Also, the field and temperature dependence of the T_1 (spin-lattice relaxation) and T_2 times was investigated [3] for a further understanding of the relaxation mechanisms governing the phase decoherence in this system. These studies show that the coupling of the electron spin with the neighboring ³⁹K nuclei (I = 3/2) is one of the prominent T_2 mechanisms. The hyperfine and quadrupole interactions with ³⁹K nuclei was resolved by using the high-frequency (240 GHz) pulsed electron nuclear double resonance (ENDOR).

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