

Abstract Submitted  
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**Heavy Fermion and non-Fermi Liquid Properties vs Size: From the Micro to the Nano**<sup>1</sup> G.R. STEWART, J.S. KIM, Physics/University of Florida, K. SAMWER, Physikalisches Institut, Universitaet Goettingen — Y. Y. Chen et al. have studied nanoparticles of several systems, including CePt<sub>2</sub> [1]. We report here the specific heat,  $C$ , down to 0.05 K and  $\chi$  to 2 K as a function of size for several Ce- and U-heavy Fermion and non-Fermi liquid (nFl) systems, including UBe<sub>13</sub> and Rh-doped CeRu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub>. Using dry sieves (for larger particles) and aqueous suspension/filtration techniques using Isopore<sup>TM</sup> filters (for smaller particles), size gradations from 45-53  $\mu$  (essentially bulk) down to 0.6-1.2  $\mu$  were studied. One goal was to study the evolution of nFl behavior vs decreasing size at a Quantum Critical Point, where the spatial extent of the fluctuations should become infinite, or at least larger than the particle at some size. Ce-systems showed the beginning of Kondo peak behavior in  $C$  below 3  $\mu$ , however it was still possible to determine the evolution of the intrinsic low temperature nFl  $C/T \sim \log T$  in Rh-doped CeRu<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> as a function of decreasing size to address this goal. The effect of size on superconductivity and  $m^*$  in UBe<sub>13</sub> will also be discussed.  
[1] Y. Y. Chen et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 98, 157206 (2007).

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