

Abstract Submitted  
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**First-Principles Study of the Li-Mg-N-H System: Compound Structures and Hydrogen Storage Properties** KYLE MICHEL, VIDVUDS OZOLINS, Department of Materials Science and Engineering, University of California, Los Angeles — The Li-Mg-N-H system is studied with the addition of the  $\text{Li}_4\text{Mg}(\text{NH})_3$ ,  $\text{MgNH}$ , and  $\text{Li}_4\text{NH}$  compounds using first-principles density-functional theory (DFT) calculations. A structure for the mixed imide  $\text{Li}_4\text{Mg}(\text{NH})_3$  is proposed, belonging to the  $\text{Imm}2$  space group. A new structure for  $\text{Li}_2\text{Mg}(\text{NH})_2$  is given that has  $\text{Pca}21$  symmetry; this compound has been previously reported as having  $\text{Iba}2$  symmetry. The stability of the  $\text{Li}_4\text{Mg}$ -imide is studied with respect to its decomposition reactions. The static, zero-point (ZPE), and vibrational energies of all relevant compounds belonging to this system are reported along with their predicted lowest-energy structures. Dehydrogenation reactions are presented that involve these phases and which are found to be spontaneously occurring within 400 K of room temperature. It is predicted that mixing  $\text{LiH}$ ,  $\text{LiNH}_2$ , and  $\text{Li}_2\text{Mg}(\text{NH})_2$  at 505 K will form  $\text{Li}_4\text{Mg}(\text{NH})_3$  with the release of 2.04 wt. %  $\text{H}_2$ .

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