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Magnetization reversal in $\text{Sr}_3\text{Ir}_2\text{O}_7$: DM interactions vs. magnetic single-ion anisotropy HOSUB JIN, JAEJUN YU, Department of Physics and Astronomy, Seoul National University — Recently the unusual insulating ground state of Sr_2IrO_4 was shown to be a consequence of a novel quantum ground state of $j_{\text{eff}}=1/2$. Another compound in its series $\text{Sr}_3\text{Ir}_2\text{O}_7$ with double layers of the IrO_2 planes exhibits anomalous magnetic responses such as magnetization reversal during field-cooling processes. We performed density-functional theory calculations to investigate the electronic and magnetic properties of $\text{Sr}_3\text{Ir}_2\text{O}_7$. Similarly to the case of Sr_2IrO_4 , both spin-orbit (SO) and on-site Coulomb interactions are found to be responsible for the insulating ground state. Based on the analysis of our first-principle calculations for the various spin and lattice configurations, we found that the non-zero angular momentum state originating from large SO interactions with lattice distortions plays a crucial role in determination of both single-ion anisotropy and Dzyaloshinski-Moriya interactions, which explains anomalous magnetic responses in $\text{Sr}_3\text{Ir}_2\text{O}_7$.

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