Electronic and Thermal Properties of Cubic Ge-Sb-Te Compounds

DONALD MORELLI, KEVIN ZHOU, Michigan State University — The ternary rocksalt structure compound Ge₄SbTe₅ is unusual because most members of the Ge-Sb-Te family form along the tie-line of the binary compounds GeTe and Sb₂Te₃, and thus do not possess the 1:1 cation:anion ratio necessary to present themselves in a cubic structure. The TE properties of these (GeTe)ₓ(Sb₂Te₃)₁₋ₓ compounds, while interesting in their own right, are no better than those of commercially available materials. Ge₄SbTe₅ and its relatives, with equal numbers of atoms on the cation and anion sites, form stably in the cubic rocksalt structure. For TE applications a cubic compound is advantageous because there is no issue regarding anisotropy of the thermoelectric properties. We have fabricated bulk samples of Ge₄SbTe₅ and related compounds, characterized their crystal structure, and measured some of their thermal and electronic properties. Results of isoelectronic substitution of Se on the Te site and Sn on the Ge site will be reported.

Donald Morelli
Michigan State University

Date submitted: 22 Nov 2008