

Abstract Submitted  
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**Antiferromagnetic to singlet transition in the quarter-filled band**

R.T. CLAY, Mississippi State University, S. MAZUMDAR, University of Arizona — One of the greatest challenges in constructing a theory of superconductivity in the presence of strong electron-electron (e-e) interactions is to describe how a transition can occur from antiferromagnetic to singlet order. Transitions between antiferromagnetism (AFM) and singlet order are well known in several specific cases such as the spin-Peierls (SP) transition, dimerization in the presence of antiferromagnetic nearest neighbor and second neighbor couplings, and the rung-based singlet in the rectangular spin ladder. In all three examples, the transition is a consequence of confinement within a quasi-one-dimensional lattice. Similar AFM/singlet transitions have not been found in the two dimensional (2D) 1/2-filled band. We present evidence that an AFM/singlet transition can occur in a 2D 1/4-filled anisotropic triangular lattice. A key difference is that at 1/4 filling, inhomogeneity in the form of coexisting charge, bond, and spin orders occur due to e-e and electron-phonon interactions. We show that with increasing lattice frustration the ground state of the 1/4-filled band anisotropic triangular lattice changes from AFM to a charge-ordered state with local singlets. Our results have direct implications for the 1/4-filled organic superconductors as well as related inorganic materials such as  $\text{Na}_x\text{CoO}_2$ ,  $\text{LiTi}_2\text{O}_4$ ,  $\text{CuRh}_2\text{S}_4$ . Supported by DOE grant DE-FG02-06ER46315.

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