

Abstract Submitted  
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**Penetration depth study of CeIrIn<sub>5</sub>**<sup>1</sup> DANIEL VANDERVELDE, Univ. of Illinois, Urbana, H.Q. YUAN, Zhejiang University, Y. ONUKI, Osaka University, M.B. SALAMON, Univ. of Texas at Dallas — The heavy-Fermion compounds CeTIn<sub>5</sub>, with T a transition metal, provide a fertile ground for studying the interplay between magnetism and superconductivity. The T = Co compound has a transition temperature  $T_c = 2.4$  K, and has a d-wave order parameter. As Ir is substituted for Co, the transition temperature decreases sharply to  $T_c = 0.4$  K. One report of the thermal conductivity of CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> supports a d-wave state, another argues in favor of a hybrid gap state with broken time-reversal symmetry. We report penetration depth studies of CeIrIn<sub>5</sub> to  $T_c/5$  that supports the d-wave scenario. Converted to superconducting fraction, the data taken with the *rf* measuring field along various crystallographic axes can be scaled to collapse to a single curve that matches a d-wave calculation with a zero-temperature gap of  $2.5k_B T_c$ .

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