## Abstract Submitted for the MAR09 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Search for the "ultimate state" in turbulent Rayleigh-Bénard convection for Rayleigh numbers up to  $4 \times 10^{13}$  and Prandtl numbers near 0.8.<sup>1</sup> GUENTER AHLERS, UCSB, DENIS FUNFSCHILLING, CNRS Nancy, EBERHARD BODENSCHATZ, MPI for Dyn. and Self-org., Goettingen — Measurements of the Nusselt number Nu over the Rayleigh-number range  $10^{10} < Ra < 4 \times 10^{13}$  for N<sub>2</sub> (Prandtl number Pr = 0.72) and SF<sub>6</sub> (Pr = 0.78 to 0.82) are reported. They were made at pressures up to 15 bars and near-ambient temperatures for a cylindrical sample of height L = 2.2 m and diameter D = 1.1 m in a new High-Pressure Convection Facility (HPCF) constructed at the Max Planck Institute for Dynamics and Self-Organization in Göttingen, Germany. The data can be represented well by a power law with an effective exponent of 0.31. They do not show the transition to an "ultimate regime" reported by Chavanne et al.

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Guenter Ahlers UCSB

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