

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR09 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Magnetic excitations in iron pnictides** VLADIMIR ANTROPOV, Ames Laboratory, Ames, IA, USA, LIQIN KE, TAKAO KOTANI, MARK VAN SCHILFGAARDE, Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ, USA — We analyze the dynamical spin susceptibility  $\chi(\mathbf{q}, \omega)$  in the iron pnictides: FeSe, CaFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> and SrFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> and obtain the spectra of spin excitations. In the longwavelength limit we obtain parameters for the adiabatic Heisenberg model and compare it with parameters generated by a static response method. Antiferromagnons are found for a small  $q$ , while for the larger  $q$  strong Stoner excitations are developed. These results support the claim that iron pnictides are marginally itinerant systems. We also estimate zero-point fluctuations from  $\chi$  and find the following contributing mechanisms: adiabatic spin waves, hole-particle Stoner excitations and longitudinal fluctuations. Taking these effects into account improves the agreement between theory and experiment and indicate the importance of itinerant spin fluctuations.

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Date submitted: 20 Nov 2008

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