

Abstract Submitted  
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**Competition between Jahn-Teller instability and uniaxial magnetism in  $\text{Ca}_3\text{CoMO}_6$  ( $M = \text{Mn, Co, Rh}$ )** YUEMEI ZHANG, Department of Chemistry, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695-8204, HONGJUN XIANG, National Renewable Energy Laboratory, 1617 Cole Blvd., Golden, CO 80401, ERJUN KAN, Department of Chemistry, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695-8204, A. VILLESUZANNE, Institut de Chimie de la Matière Condensée de Bordeaux (ICMCB-CNRS), Université Bordeaux I, 87 Avenue du Dr. A. Schweitzer, 33608 Pessac Cedex, France, M.-H. WHANGBO, Department of Chemistry, North Carolina State University, Raleigh, NC 27695-8204 —  $\text{Ca}_3\text{CoMO}_6$  ( $M = \text{Mn, Co, Rh}$ ) exhibits a uniaxial magnetism, because the  $\text{Co}^{n+}$  ions of their  $\text{CoO}_6$  trigonal prisms ( $n = 2$  or  $3$ ) possess an electron configuration with unevenly filled degenerate d-states, so the  $\text{Co}^{n+}$  ions have a nonzero magnetic moment only along the axis of the rotational symmetry causing the degeneracy (i.e., the 3-fold rotational axis along the  $\text{CoMO}_6$  chain). Such ions lead to Jahn-Teller (JT) instability, and the associated distortion removes the rotational symmetry responsible for the uniaxial magnetism. We investigated how these opposing factors compete in  $\text{Ca}_3\text{CoMO}_6$  ( $M = \text{Mn, Co, Rh}$ ) on the basis of first principles DFT calculations.

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