

Abstract Submitted  
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**Simulation of Fe<sub>n</sub>-doped C<sub>60</sub> Monolayer on *h*-BN/Ni (111)<sup>1</sup>** LAN LI, HAI-PING CHENG, Quantum Theory Project and Department of Physics, University of Florida — We have performed first-principles calculations based on density functional theory to investigate the structure, electronic structure and magnetic properties of Fe<sub>n</sub>-C<sub>60</sub> complexes. Interfaces that consist of a C<sub>60</sub> monolayer, a supporting *h*-BN/Ni (111) layers, and the transition metal Fe<sub>n</sub> ( $n = 1-4$  & 15) have been thoroughly characterized. Electron transfer has been observed from the Fe ions to the C<sub>60</sub> molecules, which leads to the domination of ionic character on the Fe-C<sub>60</sub> bonding. Furthermore, the Fe<sub>n</sub>-doped C<sub>60</sub> systems show strong hybridizations between *s*-, *d*- orbitals of Fe atoms and *p*-orbital ( $\pi$ -like) of C atoms. The spin of the net transferred electrons from Fe<sub>n</sub> to C<sub>60</sub> is spin minority, which leads to a magnetic moment in C<sub>60</sub> opposite to the total magnetic moment of the system. All of the electronic structure calculations have been performed in generalized gradient approximation (GGA) and local density approximation (LDA). In Fe<sub>4</sub>C<sub>60</sub> and Fe<sub>15</sub>C<sub>60</sub> systems, we have also performed GGA+U and LDA+U calculations for comparison.

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