

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR09 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Flexible Solution-Processed TiO<sub>2</sub>-Based Memory**<sup>1</sup> BARBARA DUNLAP, NADINE GERGEL-HACKETT, BEHRANG HAMADANI, JOHN SUEHLE, CHRISTINA HACKER, DAVID GUNDLACH, CURT RICHTER — We have fabricated flexible titanium dioxide memory devices using a room temperature spin-on titanium dioxide (TiO<sub>2</sub>) sol gel technique. These devices show a non-volatile memory behavior with on/off ratios up to 10,000:1 and can be switched between low and high current states by applying an adequate bias (less than 10 V). Once switched, the state can be read by applying a small bias (0.5 V). The device can then be set back to the previous current state by applying a bias that is equal in magnitude but opposite in polarity to the initial bias. Devices maintain on/off ratios greater than four orders of magnitude when flexed 4,000 times, still switch after being flexed 8,000 times, and hold their set state for longer than  $1 \times 10^6$  seconds. The advantages of our devices include that they are low power, rewritable, nonvolatile, lightweight, physically flexible, and they have a simple, inexpensive, two-terminal, room temperature processed device design.

<sup>1</sup>Work was done at the National Institute of Standards and Technology. Barbara Dunlap was a summer intern working at NIST through an internship with the Society of Physics Students.

Barbara Dunlap

Date submitted: 21 Nov 2008

Electronic form version 1.4