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MCD investigation on Mn doped CdSe Quantum Ribbons KRIT-SANU TIVAKORNSASITHORN, XINYU LIU, MARGARET DOBROWOLSKA, JACEK K. FURDYNA, University of Notre Dame, JUNG H. YU, JIN JOO, DONG W. LEE, JAE S. SON, TAEGHWAN HYEON, JIWON PARK, YOUNG-WOON KIM, Seoul National University — We have successfully incorporated manganese ions into 1.4 nm thick CdSe nanoribbons, thus generating 1-dimensionally quantum confined diluted magnetic semiconductor nanostructures. A series of CdSe:Mn nanoribbons with Mn concentration ranging from 0.7 to 6.4% have been investigated using magnetic circular dichroism (MCD) spectroscopy in order to study spin effects in these CdSe:Mn quantum ribbons. In all samples, a strong MCD signal was found at the energy about 2.9 eV (435 nm), which corresponds to the  $1S_h$ - $1S_e$  transition, indicating a strong enhancement of the exciton Zeeman splitting due to the sp - dexchange interaction between the CdSe nanoribbon host and the incorporated Mn<sup>2+</sup> ions. In addition, the magnetic field dependence of the MCD signal obeys a Brillouin function. Finally, we found that the Zeeman splitting energy  $\Delta E$  calculated from the MCD signal increases with the Mn concentration, which clearly demonstrates that  $Mn^{2+}$  ions are indeed present in the CdSe nanoribbons.

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