Abstract Submitted for the MAR09 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Superconductivity in  $(\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Th}_x)\text{PtSi}$  and  $\text{LaPt}_{1-x}\text{Si}$  systems<sup>1</sup> W.H. LEE, H.H. SUNG, J.Y. CHEN, K.J. SYU, National Chung Cheng University — As revealed in the powder x-ray diffraction and crystallographic data, the partial substitution of La with Th in  $(\text{La}_{1-x}\text{Th}_x)\text{PtSi}$  is able to be systematic up to the solubility limit near x = 0.5 and the parent compound LaPtSi admits considerable vacancies up to 20% on the Pt sublattice while still retaining its tetragonal symmetry. The refined lattice parameters show that both the c-axis and the volume of the unit cell v shrink clearly due to the doping with Th or the existence of vacancies in the compound. These results are consistent with what one would expect from a chemical pressure effect. We will present the static magnetization and specific heat data for these pseudo-ternary compounds investigated in the necessary temperature range. Discussion of the change in the superconducting critical temperature  $T_c$  will be directed toward the changes of electron number density as well as the lattice parameters with respect to pure LaPtSi.

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