

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR10 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Correlated Electronic Structures of Actinide Compounds QUAN YIN, SERGEY SAVRASOV, WARREN PICKETT, University of California, Davis — Most modern nuclear fuels are actinides compounds, such as UO_2 and PuO_2 (mixed oxide fuel). First-principle study of these materials is challenging because of the electron correlation. In this work we present a systematic study of AcC , AcN and AcO_2 (where $\text{Ac}=\text{U}$, Np , Pu , Am , Cm). In order to estimate the correlation strength, we calculate the effective U by constrained-DFT, and the charge-transfer energy. In early actinides compounds such as UC , $5f$ electrons are mostly itinerant (LSDA works fine), while in late actinide compounds such as CmN , $5f$ electrons are fully localized (LDA+U). In the intermediate region, they show competition between localization and delocalization, thus for them LDA+DMFT is used to calculate the electronic structures. The results are compared with photoemission experiments where available.

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Date submitted: 16 Nov 2009

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