

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR10 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Intermixtures at LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ interfaces¹ HANGHUI CHEN, Department of Physics, Yale University, ALEXIE KOLPAK, Department of Applied Physics, Yale University, SOHRAB ISMAIL-BEIGI, Department of Physics and Applied Physics, Yale University — The intriguing transport properties observed at the LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ *n*-type interface have precipitated numerous studies in the past few years. However, it remains uncertain whether the interface obtained experimentally is atomically sharp, and if not, what role the disorder plays in the unique behavior of this system. We use first principles density functional theory to find the energetics of cation intermixing, specifically La-Sr and Al-Ti, at the LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ *n*-type interface. We find that an ideal interface with no intermixing is not thermodynamically stable. Ti-Al intermixing reduces the total energy while Sr-La intermixing increases the total energy. We explain the energetics and this asymmetry in terms of a simple electrostatic model, which is able to accurately describe the DFT results. We also discuss how intermixing affects the polar field in the LaAlO₃, the “polar catastrophe”, and the critical thickness of LaAlO₃ needed to induce a metal-insulator transition.

¹This work is supported by the National Science Foundation under Contract No. MRSEC DMR 0520495. The Bulldog parallel clusters of the Yale High Performance Computing center provide computational resources.

Hanghui Chen
Department of Physics, Yale University

Date submitted: 19 Nov 2009

Electronic form version 1.4