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Modifying phase transitions and spin structure of Ni₃V₂O₈ through transition metal doping AKILA KUMARASIRI, Wayne State University, PARASHU KHAREL, University of Nebraska, AMBESH DIXIT, MIKE NOWAK, GAVIN LAWES¹, Wayne State University — Ni₃V₂O₈ is a Kagome staircase material which has attracted considerable interest in recent years as it provides an excellent platform for studying the spin structure in geometrically frustrated materials. We have studied the effects of transition metal doping on the magnetic phase transitions of powder Ni₃V₂O₈ through dielectric, heat capacity and AC susceptibility measurements. $(Ni_{1-x}M_x)_3V_2O_8$ (M = Zn, Cu and Co) powder samples were synthesized using a standard metal-organic solution synthesis. We have mainly focused on the two phase transitions at $T_H = 9.2$ K and $T_L = 6.3$ K in undoped $Ni_3V_2O_8$. On doping with non magnetic Zn, the system acts similar to spin dilution where the transition temperatures is suppressed linearly with the Zn fraction. However, spin 1/2 Cu and spin 3/2 Co doping shows significant deviation from simple site dilution. The $\text{Co:Ni}_3\text{V}_2\text{O}_8$ system has a crossover at moderate Co fraction where the system changes into a $Co_3V_2O_8$ type spin structure. Cu doping completely suppresses at least one phase transition at a relatively low Cu fraction.

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