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**Epitaxial-strain-induced multiferroicity in SrMnO<sub>3</sub> from first principles** JUN HEE LEE, KARIN M. RABE, Department of Physics and Astronomy, Rutgers University — In the first-principles search for new ferromagnetic-ferroelectric multiferroics, one key indicator is the softening of the lowest frequency polar phonon with ferromagnetic ordering from a paraelectric antiferromagnetic bulk state. In a first-principles survey of the phonon dispersions of a wide range of magnetic perovskites, we identified SrMnO<sub>3</sub> as a promising candidate system. We find that a ferromagnetic-ferroelectric phase is stabilized by both compressive and tensile epitaxial strain. For compressive strain, there is a sequence of intermediate magnetic transitions, first to *C*-AFM and then to *A*-AFM ordering, with an increasing fraction of ferromagnetically aligned nearest neighbor Mn. At each of these, the change in magnetic order is accompanied by a jump in the magnitude of the electric polarization, so, near the *A*-AFM-FE→FE-FM phase boundary at 3.4% and *G*-AFM-FE→FE-FM phase boundary at -2.9%, an applied electric field can induce a nonzero magnetization, and the jump in *c*-lattice constant at -2.9% strain can generate a large piezomagnetic response. The origin of the large phonon softening in SrMnO<sub>3</sub> will be examined, which should provide guidance in identifying additional candidate systems for epitaxial-strain-induced multiferroicity.

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