

Abstract Submitted
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Quantum Transport in Oxide Nanostructures¹ JEREMY LEVY, CHENG CEN, DANIELA F. BOGORIN, University of Pittsburgh — We describe low-temperature magnetotransport experiments in nanostructures formed at the LaAlO₃/SrTiO₃ interface using a conducting AFM writing technique.^{2,3} Measurements on a 6-nm wide Hall cross containing $N \approx 250$ electrons (density $n = 1.6 \times 10^{12} \text{ cm}^{-2}$) show evidence for quantized conductance, with notable departures from traditional quantized Hall behavior. A pronounced weak antilocalization feature near $B = 0$ is exhibited in both the Hall and magnetoresistance channels, indicating the presence of significant spin-orbit (Rashba) coupling. A 14-nm wide nanowire with lower carrier density (density $n = 8.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-2}$) exhibits magnetoresistance plateaus associated with integer Landau level filling factors $\nu=2,3,\dots,9$, and the fractional filling factors $\nu=7/3$ and $11/5$. The ability to fashion conducting structures with extreme nanoscale dimensions and distinct signatures of quantum transport opens new opportunities for the development of novel quantum devices.

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