

Abstract Submitted
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The Role of Extensional Viscosity in Sedimentation THEODORE
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sylvania — When two particles in a viscous fluid approach contact the motion of the
interstitial fluid is dominated by extensional flow. We demonstrate how the details
of these flows influence the process of sedimentation. We are able to highlight the
effects of extensional flows on particle motion by comparing granular dispersions in
which the continuous phases have the same shear viscosities, but drastically different
extensional viscosities. We enhance the extensional viscosity by adding a flexible,
high molecular weight polymer. In the case of a system without polymer we ob-
serve settling rates in accordance with a typical Stokes' model until all grains have
settled into a random close-packed arrangement. In the polymeric fluid we observe
initial behavior not unlike that observed in the Newtonian case, however the dis-
persions exhibit a secondary prolonged sedimentation process before finally reaching
the final close- packed state. The dependence of this secondary settling process on
grainsize and initial packing fraction suggests that an ensemble of dispersed grains
acts primarily to enhance the impact of interstitial flows on the system's dynamics.

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