

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR10 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**True real space imaging with multi-beam inelastic X-ray scattering**<sup>1</sup> YU GAN, PETER ABBAMONTE, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign — Inelastic X-ray scattering (IXS) has recently been used to image electron dynamics at the attosecond scale, but it has been shown that these images are spatially averaged. The problem is that the existing technique can only access the “diagonal” ( $k_1 = -k_2$ ) elements of the electron density response  $\chi(k_1, k_2, \omega)$ . It was shown long ago, however, that inelastic X-ray scattering at the Bragg position is sensitive to the entire response  $\chi(k_1, k_2, \omega)$ . With this method, a standing wave field is established in the sample by exciting a Bragg condition, allowing access to all the off-diagonal ( $k_1 \neq -k_2$ ) elements of  $\chi$ . In this talk I will present a simple model demonstrating that, in principle, this approach can be used to map the entire density response. In particular, I show that a one-dimensional system is experimentally impossible to probe, a two-dimensional system is experimentally accessible but typically difficult to measure in practice, and a three-dimensional system is experimentally both plausible and practicable.

<sup>1</sup>Supported by DOE Grant #DE-FG02-07ER46459.

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Date submitted: 28 Nov 2009

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