## Abstract Submitted for the MAR10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Electrical and Optical Study of Multiferroic Superlattices SAN-DRA DUSSAN, ASHOK KUMAR, RAM KATIYAR, Department of Physics and Institute for Functional Nanomaterials, University of Puerto Rico, San Juan, Puerto Rico 00931, USA — Highly oriented superlattices (SL) of ferroelectric (piezoelectric) PbZr<sub>0.52</sub>Ti<sub>0.48</sub>O<sub>3</sub> (PZT) and ferromagnetic La<sub>0.67</sub>Sr<sub>0.33</sub>MnO<sub>3</sub> (LSMO) materials were grown on LaAlO<sub>3</sub> (100) substrates by pulsed laser deposition technique. The x-ray diffraction patterns of PZT/LSMO superlattices with different periodicity evidenced satellite peaks suggest the formation of SL without any secondary parasite phases. Surface topography showed well defined grain with surface roughness ~2-5nm. Grain size and surface roughness changes with change of periodicity. Room temperature magnetization-field (M-H) exhibit well-shaped magnetization hysteresis loops good saturation and low coercivity. The structural, electrical and magnetic properties were studied. Polarized Raman Spectra showed soft transverse and longitudinal modes at 123 cm<sup>-1</sup> which soften near the ferroelectric phase transition of SLs. The electrical studies were conducted to understand the frequency and temperature dependent dielectric anomalies around to metal-ferromagnetic to insulator-paramagnetic transition temperature of LSMO.

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