

Abstract Submitted
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Equilibrium Polarization under Ionic Surface Compensation in Ultrathin PbTiO_3 M.J. HIGHLAND, T.T. FISTER, D.D. FONG, J.A. EASTMAN, S.K. STREIFFER, P.H. FUOSS, G.B. STEPHENSON, Argonne National Laboratory, Argonne, Illinois 60439, USA, CAROL THOMPSON, Department of Physics Northern Illinois University, Dekalb, Illinois 60115, USA — The polarization structure of a ferroelectric film depends strongly on the charge compensation at its interfaces. When there is no electrode, ions from the environment can compensate a surface. We have previously shown that changing the chemistry of the environment can drive polarization switching in a ferroelectric film, and for the thinnest films the switching occurs continuously, without domain nucleation. In this talk we present results on the equilibrium polarization of a film as a function of the ionic compensation of its surface. Synchrotron x-ray scattering is used to determine the polarization structure of epitaxial PbTiO_3 films on conductive SrRuO_3 layers coherently strained to SrTiO_3 (001) substrates as a function of temperature, film thickness, and external oxygen partial pressure ($p\text{O}_2$). We observe a suppression of the Curie temperature (T_C) at intermediate values of $p\text{O}_2$, which becomes very large for films thinner than ~ 5 nm. This suppression of T_C is explained by a model for the equilibrium between the chemical environment and the surface of the ferroelectric. Work supported by the U. S. Department of Energy under Contract No. DE-AC02-06CH11357.

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