Abstract Submitted for the MAR10 Meeting of The American Physical Society

A NanoThermal Analysis Method for Mapping Glass Transitions in Heterogeneous Soft Matter Films¹ M.P. NIKIFOROV, S. GAM, S. JESSE, R.J. COMPOSTO, S.V. KALININ, ORNL TEAM, UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYL-VANIA TEAM — Polymer thin films are utilized in many present day technologies because they exhibit attractive physico-chemical properties. By combing mixtures of polymers, new combinations of properties can be achieved that impart the coating with functionality, improved processibility and lower cost. Because these coatings are usually subjected to a range of environmental conditions (heat, moisture, pressure), the initial, desired properties can be perturbed because of phase separation, phase coarsening, and interfacial segregation. In this work we introduce a new method for local thermal analysis of polymeric materials (BE-NanoTA), which allows the measurement of glass transition temperature with 50 nm point-to-point resolution, provides new insight into domain growth of a model polymer blend system. Virtually non-destructive nature of BE-NanoTA allows for in-situ phase evolution studies for many soft matter systems containing multiple components such as polymer nanocomposites where the filler can perturb the local dynamics and corresponding processibility, mechanical properties, optical properties etc.

¹A portion of this research was sponsored at ORNL's CNMS by the Scientific User Facilities Division, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, U.S. DOE.

M.P. Nikiforov ORNL

Date submitted: 22 Dec 2009

Electronic form version 1.4