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Spin dynamics simulations for a nanoscale Heisenberg antiferromagnetic film¹ ZHUOFEI HOU, DAVID LANDAU, Center for Simulational Physics, The University of Georgia, G. MALCOLM STOCKS, Center for Defect Physics, Oak Ridge National Laboratory — Thermoinduced magnetization (TiM) is a novel response predicted to occur in nanoscale antiferromagnetic (AF) materials. Extensive Monte Carlo simulations² have shown that TiM is an intrinsic property of the AF classical Heisenberg model. To obtain a fundamental understanding of TiM, spin dynamics (SD) simulations are performed to study the spin wave behavior, which seems to be the cause of TiM. A classical Heisenberg model with an AF nearest-neighbor exchange interaction and uniaxial single-site anisotropy is studied. Simple-cubic lattices with two free-surfaces and periodic boundaries parallel to the surfaces are used. We applied fast SD algorithms with 4th-order Suzuki-Trotter decompositions of the exponential operator. Discrete spin wave modes due to spin wave confinement³ are found in transverse $S(q, \omega)$ in the perpendicular direction to free surfaces.

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²G. Brown, A. Janotti, M. Eisenbach, and G. M. Stocks, Phys.Rev.B **72**, 140405(2005)

³*Spin Wave Confinement*, edited by S. O Demokritov (Pan Stanford Publishing, Singapore, 2008)

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