

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR11 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Study of spin interactions between InAs surface electrons and local magnetic moments by antilocalization measurements YAO ZHANG, R.L. KALLAHER, V. SOGHOMONIAN, J.J. HEREMANS, Virginia Tech — Spin-orbit coupled electrons in the InAs surface accumulation layer can be used as a sensitive system to experimentally study the interactions and exchange between electrons and local magnetic moments in semiconductors. We use antilocalization measurements as a probe of quantum states, by comparing measurements on patterned InAs accumulation layers where Sm^{3+} , Gd^{3+} and Ho^{3+} have been deposited, with those where no magnetic species are deposited. The randomly distributed ions modify the spin-orbit scattering time and the magnetic spin-flip time, identified via the antilocalization signal and characterized over temperature. The magnetic spin-flip time carries information about magnetic interactions. Experiments indicate that the spin-orbit scattering times display a weak temperature dependence. The Sm^{3+} and Gd^{3+} cases yield temperature-independent magnetic spin-flip times, while Ho^{3+} shows a spin-flip time obeying $T^{-1/2}$ at low temperatures. Similar results as observed in the Ho^{3+} case have in the literature been attributed to Kondo-like behavior. We thus interpret the results as indicative of a Kondo interaction with a Kondo temperature considerably above 5 K, of which antilocalization measurements can identify the low-temperature tail (partial support from DOE DE-FG02-08ER46532).

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Date submitted: 14 Dec 2010

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