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Measurement of a sign-changing two-gap superconducting phase in $\text{Ba}(\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x)_2\text{As}_2$ single crystals using scanning tunneling spectroscopy (STS) M.L. TEAGUE, G.K. DRAYNA, G.P. LOCKHART, T.P. WU, N.-C. YEH, Dept. of Physics, Caltech, Pasadena, CA 91125, USA, P. CHEN, B. SHEN, H.-H. WEN, Institute of Physics, Chinese Academy of Sciences, CHINA — We present STS studies of the iron pnictide superconductors $\text{Ba}(\text{Fe}_{1-x}\text{Co}_x)_2\text{As}_2$ ($x=0.06, 0.08, 0.12$). Studies on single crystals, cleaved at room temperature in a pure argon atmosphere, reveal direct spectroscopic evidence for predominantly two-gap superconductivity. These gaps decrease with increasing temperature and vanish immediately above the superconducting transition, T_C . Fourier transformation of the tunneling conductance demonstrates slight doping- and energy-dependent quasi-particle scattering interferences (QPI) near the nesting wave-vectors $(\pm\pi,0)/(0,\pm\pi)$ and also near $(\pm 2\pi,0)/(0,\pm 2\pi)$. The dominant QPI near $(\pm\pi,0)/(0,\pm\pi)$ and the two-gap nature are consistent with sign-changing s-wave superconductivity. The excess zero-bias conductance and the large gap-to- T_C ratios suggest significant unitary impurity scattering. Further studies of the magnetic field dependence will be discussed. This work was supported by NSF Grant DMR-0907251.

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