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**Surface plasmon excitation in ultrathin Mg films on Si(111)** AO TENG, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, GEUNSEOP LEE, Inha University, Incheon, Korea, SABAN HUS, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, HANNO WEITERING, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN & Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN — We investigated the dispersion of the surface plasmon in ultrathin Mg(0001) films, grown on a Si(111)- $7\times 7$  surface, as a function of film thickness and parallel momentum ( $q_{\parallel}$ ), using angle-resolved high-resolution electron-energy-loss spectroscopy (HREELS). In Mg films thicker than  $\sim 3$  ML, surface plasmon excitations exhibit negative dispersions for small  $q_{\parallel}$  (long wavelength limit). In contrast, the surface plasmons of ultrathin Al(111) films are known to exhibit positive dispersions near  $q_{\parallel} \sim 0$ . The surface plasmon energies of the Mg films increase as the film thickness decreases. The plasmon line widths reveal similar trends, namely, for a given film thickness the line width decreases initially with increasing  $q_{\parallel}$  while it increases with film thickness. Possible explanations for the observed thickness dependence of the surface plasmon dispersion and damping will be discussed.

Ao Teng  
The University of Tennessee

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