

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR11 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Room-temperature magnetocurrent in antiferromagnetically coupled Fe/Si/Fe<sup>1</sup>** RASHID GAREEV, MAXIMILIAN SCHMID, JOHANN VANCEA, CHRISTIAN BACK, University of Regensburg, REINERT SCHREIBER, DANIEL BUERGLER, CLAUS SCHNEIDER, Forschungszentrum Juelich, FRANK STROMBERG, HEIKO WENDE, University of Duisburg-Essen — Epitaxial Si-based ferromagnet/semiconductor structures demonstrate strong antiferromagnetic coupling (AFC) as well as resonant-type tunneling magnetoresistance, which vanishes at temperatures above  $T \sim 50\text{K}$  [1]. Magnetoresistance effects in Fe/Si/Fe close to room temperature (RT) were not established yet. By using the ballistic electron magnetomicroscopy (BEMM) techniques, with its nanometer-scaled locality [2] we observed for the first time a spin-dependent ballistic magnetotransport in AFC structures. We found that the hot-electron collector current with energies above the Fe/GaAsP Schottky barrier reflects magnetization alignment and changes from  $I_{cAP} \sim 50\text{fA}$  for antiparallel alignment to  $I_{cP} \sim 150\text{fA}$  for the parallel one. Thus, the magnetocurrent  $[(I_{cP}-I_{cAP})/I_{cAP}] * 100\%$  is near 200 % at RT. The measured BEMM hysteresis loops match nicely with the magnetic MOKE data. [1]. R.R. Gareev, M.Weides, R. Schreiber, U. Poppe, Appl. Phys. Letts **88**, 172105 (2006); [2]. E. Heindl, J. Vancea, C.H. Back, Phys. Rev.**B75**, 073307 (2007).

<sup>1</sup>This work is supported by the project DFG 9209379.

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Date submitted: 23 Dec 2010

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