

Abstract Submitted  
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**Local origins of volume fluctuations in granular materials**<sup>1</sup> JAMES PUCKETT, North Carolina State University, FREDERIC LECHENAULT, Université Montpellier II, KAREN DANIELS, North Carolina State University — Recent experiments and simulations have observed that the fluctuations in the local volume fraction,  $\phi$ , decrease as the granular material approaches jamming. We investigate the role of boundary condition and inter-particle friction,  $\mu$ , on these fluctuations for a dense bidisperse granular monolayer driven at the perimeter. Using a radial Voronoi tessellation, we find a universal linear relationship between the mean variance of  $\phi$  independent of boundary condition and  $\mu$ . We examine the universality and origins of this trend using the recent granocentric model modified to draw neighbors from an arbitrary distribution  $P(s)$ , the edge-to-edge distance between neighbors. The mean and variance of the observed particle separation  $s$  are described by a single length scale controlled by mean  $\phi$ . We tested diverse functional forms of  $P(s)$  and found that each produces the trend of decreasing fluctuations, but only the experimentally-observed  $P(s)$  provides quantitative agreement with the measured  $\phi$  fluctuations. In conclusion, we find  $P(\phi)$  and  $P(s)$  encode similar information about the distribution of free volume in a driven granular system under different boundary conditions and inter-particle friction.

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