

Abstract Submitted  
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**Neutron diffraction study of the magnetic order in magnetic coordination polymer  $\text{CuF}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{pyz})$  (pyz=pyrazine)** CUIHUAN WANG, MARK D. LUMSDEN, ANDREW D. CHRISTIANSON, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, JOHN A. SCHLUETER, Material Science Division, Argonne National Laboratory — The new linear chain coordination polymer  $\text{CuF}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{pyz})$  (pyz=pyrazine) provides an interesting example for the study of low dimensional physics.  $\text{CuF}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{pyz})$  has a monoclinic structure where the  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  ions form a 2 dimensional (2D) square lattice in the bc-plane. Short range magnetic order appears below 10 K followed by a transition to long range antiferromagnetic order with  $T_N \sim 2.6$  K. To further understand the magnetic behavior of  $\text{CuF}_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2(\text{pyz})$ , we have performed neutron diffraction experiments on deuterated single crystals  $\text{CuF}_2(\text{D}_2\text{O})_2(\text{d}_4\text{-pyz})$ . Below 2.6 K we observe magnetic Bragg peaks which are consistent with the propagation vector  $(1/2\ 1\ 0)$ . Refinement of the data shows that the magnetic moment lies in the ac-plane. Fitting the temperature dependence of the magnetic order parameter to a power-law form in the reduced temperature range of  $1-T/T_N = 0.01-0.4$  yields a critical exponent,  $\beta$ , of  $0.25 \pm 0.01$ . This result is consistent with the expectation for a 2D XY model where  $\beta=0.23$  [1].  
[1] S. T. Bramwell and P. C. W. Holdsworth, J. Phys.: Condens. Matter. **5** L53-L59 (1993).

CuiHuan Wang  
Oak Ridge National Laboratory

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