

Abstract Submitted
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Magneto-structural study of $M(\text{TCNE})(\text{NCMe})_2\text{X}$ molecule-based magnets¹ KONSTANTIN POKHODNYA, CHRIS OLSON, CHRIS HETH, North Dakota State University, JOHN SCHLUETER, GREGORY HALDER, Argonne National Laboratory — In $M^{II}(\text{TCNE})(\text{NCMe})_2\text{X}$ ($M=\text{Fe, Mn, Ni}$; TCNE = tetracyanoethylene; X = monovalent anion) the magnetic properties can be tuned by systematic altering of transition metal from Mn to Ni, as well as adjusting the inter-plane distances via changing the anion volume (e.g., PF_6 , AsF_6 and SbF_6). The magnetic properties of the molecule-based magnets are highly responsive to structural perturbations. For the series of $M[\text{TCNE}]\text{X}$ magnets the synchrotron-based powder diffraction experiments in combination with magnetic susceptibility, all under hydrostatic pressure, were performed revealing the correlations between metal-ligand bonding and magnetic exchange and allowing the structure-magnetic property correlations to be established. The pathways toward important conductivity and band spin polarization improvements substantial for spin-polarized current injection in microelectronic applications are discussed.

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