Temperature dependence of Photoinduced dynamics in the orbital-ordered state of $AV_{10}O_{15}$ ($A = Ba, Sr$) AYAKA NOGAMI, YUYA ONISHI, KOU TAKUBO, TAKUROU KATSUFUJI, Dept. of Physics, Waseda University — In $AV_{10}O_{15}$ ($A = Ba, Sr$), the V ions with mixed-valence states, $V^{2+}/V^{3+}$ ($3d^3/3d^2$), are located on the triangular lattice. $BaV_{10}O_{15}$ exhibits a structural phase transition with V trimerization caused by the orbital ordering of V ions at $T_c = 123$ K, whereas $SrV_{10}O_{15}$ does not exhibit such a phase transition. We performed a femtosecond pump-probe reflection spectroscopy on $BaV_{10}O_{15}$ and $SrV_{10}O_{15}$ to clarify their photoinduced dynamics. For $A = Ba$, a photoinduced melting of V trimerization, i.e. a photoinduced phase transition, was observed at 10 K ($< T_c$). At $T = 200$ K ($>> T_c$), the photoinduced reflectivity change ($\Delta R/R$) for $A = Ba$ shows an oscillation with the period of several tens picoseconds, similarly to the behavior for $A = Sr$ at 10 K. This oscillation can be explained by assuming that the photoinduced state at the sample surface propagates into the inside of the sample. At $T = 135$ K, immediately above $T_c$, we found that $|\Delta R/R|$ for $BaV_{10}O_{15}$ increases with time, suggesting that the area of the photoinduced state on the sample surface increases with time.

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Date submitted: 21 Oct 2011