## Abstract Submitted for the MAR12 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Site Specific Molecular Chemisorption of  $O_2$  on TiO<sub>2</sub>(110): A Scanning Tunneling Microscopy Study ZHITAO WANG, YINGGE DU, ZDENEK DOHNÁLEK, IGOR LYUBINET-SKY, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory — The investigation of O<sub>2</sub> adsorption on TiO<sub>2</sub> is critical since it can help us to better understand the photooxidation mechanism of TiO<sub>2</sub>. In our work, molecularly chemisorbed  $O_2$  were directly imaged on reduced  $TiO_2(110)$  at 50 K with scanning tunneling microscopy (STM). Two O<sub>2</sub> adsorption channels, one at bridging oxygen vacancies  $(V_O)$  and another at five-fold coordinated Ti atoms ( $Ti_{5c}$ ), have been identified. While  $O_2$  at  $Ti_{5c}$  appears as a single protrusion, the  $O_2$  at  $V_O$  manifests itself by a disappearance of the  $V_O$  feature. It is found that STM tip can easily dissociate  $O_2$  and the dissociation details strongly depend on the tunneling conditions and the type of the  $O_2$  adsorption site. The chemisorbed  $O_2$  at these two distinctive sites are the most likely precursors for the two previously established O<sub>2</sub> dissociation channels, observed at temperatures above 150 and 230 K at the  $V_O$  and  $Ti_{5c}$  sites, respectively

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