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Quasiparticle band structures of  $\beta$ -HgS, HgSe, and HgTe NIELS E. CHRISTENSEN, AXEL SVANE, Aarhus University, Denmark, MANUEL CARDONA, Max Planck Institute FKF, Stuttgart, ATHANASIOS CHANTIS, American Physical Society, MARK VAN SCHILFGAARDE, Arizona State University, Tempe, TAKAO KOTANI, Tottori University, Japan — The electronic structures of mercury chalcogenides in the zinc-blende structure have been calculated by the LDA, GW (one-shot,  $G_0W_0$ ) and quasi-particle selfconsistent GW (QSGW) approximations including spin-orbit coupling (SO). The slight tendency to overestimation of the band gaps by QSGWis avoided by using a *hybrid* scheme (20% LDA and 80 % QSGW. The results of  $G_0 W_0$  depend strongly starting wave functions and are thus quite different from those from QSGW. Within QSGW HgS is found to be a semiconductor, with a  $\Gamma_6$  s-like conduction-band minimum state above the valence-band top  $\Gamma_7$  and  $\Gamma_8$  ("negative" SO splitting). HgSe and HgTe have "negative" gaps (inverted band structure). In HgTe the  $\Gamma_7$  state is below  $\Gamma_6$  due to the large Te SO splitting, in contrast HgSe where  $\Gamma_6$  is below  $\Gamma_7$ .

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