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Statistics of Macroturbulence from Flow Equations<sup>1</sup> BRAD MARSTON, THOMAS IADECOLA, WANMING QI, Brown University — Probability distribution functions of stochastically-driven and frictionally-damped fluids are governed by a linear framework that resembles quantum many-body theory. Besides the Fokker-Planck approach, there is a closely related Hopf functional method<sup>2</sup>; in both formalisms, zero modes of linear operators describe the stationary nonequilibrium statistics. To access the statistics, we generalize the flow equation approach<sup>3</sup> (also known as the method of continuous unitary transformations<sup>4</sup>) to find the zero mode. We test the approach using a prototypical model of geophysical and astrophysical flows on a rotating sphere that spontaneously organizes into a coherent jet. Good agreement is found with low-order equal-time statistics accumulated by direct numerical simulation, the traditional method. Different choices for the generators of the continuous transformations, and for closure approximations of the operator algebra, are discussed.

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<sup>2</sup>Ookie Ma and J. B. Marston, J. Stat. Phys. Th. Exp. P10007 (2005). <sup>3</sup>F. Wegner, Ann. Phys. **3**, 77 (1994).

<sup>4</sup>S. D. Glazek and K. G. Wilson, Phys. Rev. D **48**, 5863 (1993); Phys. Rev. D **49**, 4214 (1994).

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