## Abstract Submitted for the MAR12 Meeting of The American Physical Society

Anomalous Magneto Transport in amorphous TbFeCo thin films<sup>1</sup> NATTAWUT ANUNIWAT, Physics Department, University of Virginia, MARC COSTANTINE, JIWEI LU, Materials Science Department, University of Virginia, MANLI DING, JOSEPH POON, Physics Department, University of Virginia TbFeCo has attracted some interests because of its high perpendicular anisotropy and tunable magnetic properties for nanomagnetic and spintronics application. In this study, we report a strong size dependence of the coercive field in 30 nm-thick Tb<sub>30</sub>Fe<sub>63.5</sub>Co<sub>6.5</sub>films with MgO capping. Magneto Optical Kerr effect (MOKE) and Vibrating Sample Magnetometer are performed on unpatterned films. The films exhibited strong PMA characteristics with  $M_S$  $\sim 200 \text{ emu/cc}$ , H<sub>C</sub>  $\sim 6000 \text{ Oe}$ , and  $\sim 5 \times 10^6 \mathrm{erg/cc}$ . The films were then fabricated into Hall bars with 500 nm, 50  $\mu$ m and 500  $\mu$ m in width. From anomalous Hall effect (AHE), H<sub>C</sub> was determined for these patterned films. For Hall bars with the width less than 50  $\mu$ m, an increase in the coercivity field ( $\sim 1.4$  Tesla) was observed at room temperature. The temperature dependent of AHE was characterized from 50K to 300K. The thickness and composition dependent will also be studied and discussed.

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