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**Segregation and diffusion of boron dopants in the Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> interface** YOUNG JUN OH, HYEON-KYUN NOH, GEUN-MYUNG KIM, K.J. CHANG, Department of Physics, Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology — Boron dopants in metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors exhibit very peculiar behavior such as transient enhanced diffusion, clustering, and segregation. Especially, B segregation to the Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> interface significantly affects the dopant distribution and thereby the device performance. However, there is a lack of studies on the mechanism for B segregation and diffusion in the Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> interface. In this work, we perform first-principles density-functional calculations to understand how B dopants diffuse and segregate to SiO<sub>2</sub>. We generate two Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> interface structures, in which crystalline alpha-quartz and amorphous SiO<sub>2</sub> are placed on Si. Among various B configurations, we find that an interstitial B is energetically more favorable in the oxide, compared with a substitutional B and a self-interstitial-B complex in Si. We examine the effect of point defects such as a floating bond and an oxygen vacancy in SiO<sub>2</sub> on B segregation and also investigate B diffusion pathways across the Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> interface.

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