

Abstract Submitted
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Tunable quantum glasses and phase transitions of atoms and photons: first predictions for glassy physics with many-body cavity QED¹
PHILIPP STRACK, SUBIR SACHDEV, Harvard University — Recent studies of strongly interacting atoms and photons in optical have rekindled interest in the Dicke model of atomic qubits to discrete photon cavity modes. In this talk, we argue that of the Dicke model with variable atom-photon couplings can rise to a ground state phase diagram exhibiting quantum phase between paramagnetic, ferromagnetic, and a spin glass phase. These quantum optics realizations of quantum glasses are distinctive to condensed matter systems and provide new opportunities for glassy physics with many-body QED. The photon-mediated random couplings between the atomic qubits (Ising spins) are truly long-ranged and the theory for these systems analytically tractable. We compute atomic and photon spectral functions across this phase diagram, and outline how our can be observed in experiments.

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