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Electrical and thermal transport properties of the substituted defect manganese silicides $\mathbf{Mn}_{1-x-y}\mathbf{Cr}_x\mathbf{Ru}_y\mathbf{Si}_{\delta\sim1.74}$ 1 VIJAYABARATHI PON-NAMBALAM, DONALD T. MORELLI, Department of Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI- 48824 — Crystallizing in the TiSi₂ structure with considerable amount of random vacancies at the Si site, defect manganese silicides $MnSi_{\delta}(\delta)$ ~ 1.72 -1.74) are unusual in many respects. One of them is their structural stability which is determined by the electron concentration. In addition, $MnSi_{\delta}$ is known for unusually low thermal conductivity ~ 3 - 3.5 W/m K at 300 K. We have substituted MnSi $_{\delta}$ with Cr and Ru simultaneously and studied the electrical and thermal transport properties of the resulting alloys. Both resistivity and Seebeck coefficient are less sensitive to substitutions and maintain robust values as high as that of MnSi~1.74. Hall measurements indicate that the carrier concentration remains high around 10²¹/cm³ and more or less same for all compositions. Thermal conductivity is decreased further and interestingly increases with T reaching values ~ 2.5 W/m K at 300 K. These results will be presented and discussed.

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