

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR12 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Density functional and molecular dynamics studies of solid electrolyte  $\text{Li}_7\text{La}_3\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_{12}$**  MICHELLE JOHANNES, KHANG HOANG, NOAM BERNSTEIN, Naval Research Laboratory — Garnet-type structured  $\text{Li}_7\text{La}_3\text{Zr}_2\text{O}_{12}$  (LLZO) is considered as a promising candidate for Li-ion battery solid electrolytes because of its high ionic conductivity and electrochemical and chemical stability. We use first-principles density-functional theory calculations and molecular dynamics simulations to reveal the underlying mechanism that drives a tetragonal to cubic transition at elevated temperatures, and also to explain why the cubic phase can be stabilized with the incorporation of a certain amount of impurities such as Al. We show that the relationship between the observance of a cubic phase and the measurement of a substantially higher ionic conductivity is a secondary effect not directly attributable to the presence of Al in the crystal structure. Suggestions for enhancing the ionic conductivity in LLZO will also be discussed.

Michelle Johannes  
Naval Research Laboratory

Date submitted: 10 Nov 2011

Electronic form version 1.4